The State Asylum

for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania



Eighth Annual Report

For the Year Ending

September 30th

P38.36

1901

South Mountain, Wernersville P.O.



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STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE OF PENNSYLVANIA

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE STATE ASYLUM

FOR

THE CHRONIC INSANE OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the Year Ending September 30th, 1901

SOUTH MOUNTAIN



Press of REPORT PUBLISHING COMPANY Lebanon, Penn'a.



OFFICERS OF THE ASYLUM.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Henry M. Dechert,	Pre.	side	nt,			Philadelphia.
JACOB M. SHENK,	Tree	ısu	rer,			Lebanon.
Joseph L. Lemberger, .	Seci	eta	ry,		•	L'ebanon.
SAVERY BRADLEY,					•	Philadelphia.
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RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SAMUEL SMITH HILL, M.D.,	•	•	Superintendent.
Laura Hulme, M.D.,			Woman Physician.
THOS. C. BRICKER,			Steward.
Наттіе М. Кеім,			Matron.
Francis B. Owen			Chief Clerk.

CONSULTING STAFF.

PHYSICIANS.

WM. M. GUILFORD, M.D.,	Lebanon.								
Wm. F. Muhlenberg, M.D.,	Reading.								
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SURGEONS.									
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JOHN TODD, M.D.,	Pottstown.								
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GYNECOLOGISTS.									
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OPHTHALMOLOGIST.									
Charles A. Oliver, M.D.,	Philadelphia.								
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WHARTON SINKLER, M.D.,	Philadelphia. Philadelphia.								
Francis X. Dercum, M.D.,	Philadelphia.								
CHARLES K. MILLS, M.D.,	Philadelphia.								

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

To His Excellency, William A. Stone, Governor of Pennsylvania, the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Board of Public Charities of Pennsylvania:

The Board of Trustees of the Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania present their Annual Report for the year ending September 30th, 1901.

The number of patients in the Asylum on October 1st, 1900, was: men, 596; women, 200; total, 796.

During the year there were admitted: men, 67; women, 13; died: men, 18; women, 4; and 21 persons were returned as unfit to be received here by reason of senile disability, bodily diseases, or homicidal tendencies. Thirty persons were transferred to County Asylums by order of the Committee on Lunacy; leaving remaining. September 30th, 1901: men, 600; women, 200; total, 800.

EXPENSES OF MAINTENANCE.

The expenditures for the year amount to \$123,081.53, and the weekly cost for each patient was $$2.96\frac{1}{2}$.

The Treasurer's Report, which we present herewith, shows the items of income and payment. The weekly cost of maintaining each patient is increased by the expense of running our large steam and electric light plants, and by the necessarily large number of attendants employed to guard, direct, and protect the patients during the working hours, when the men are employed in the open air and the women are working in the garden or in the various buildings, with open doors and windows.

All of the repairs of the buildings, machinery and tools in the various departments of labor are paid out of the maintenance fund.

ESCAPES.

Only one escape occurred during the year, and in this case the patient was returned to the Asylum after a few days' absence.

The Asylum tract includes five hundred and forty (540) acres, and during the open seasons the men are employed in small parties at various points on the farm. Each party, of

ten to fifteen men, is placed in charge of an experienced attendant, who is held responsible for their care and safety, and for their safe return. The result shows that the attendants have faithfully discharged their duties both in the men's and women's departments.

HEALTH.

It is a subject for congratulation that during the year, in a population of 925 persons, there has been so little sickness and that so few deaths have occurred.

The tables accompanying the Superintendent's Report show that in most cases the disease causing death existed before the patient came to the Asylum. Everything here combines to promote the health of the inmates. Pure air coming from the valley and the adjacent hills,—famed as a health resort; absolutely pure water, with an abundant supply of it; life in the open air; an opportunity to do sufficient work to give an appetite for food; all these should keep the patients in good bodily health, and improve mentally those who do not come here hopelessly prostrated in body as well as in mind.

Our own observation and the reports of the Asylum and consulting physicians and of intelligent visitors, satisfy us that in seeking for such results in the treatment of the insane, this Asylum can no longer be regarded as an experiment.

A visitor at Gheel, Belgium, famed as the home of 2,000 insane persons, who live in cottages, says: "The atmosphere of the place is quiet—the quiet that helps one there, is that of the air, fields, gardens and linden trees. The wonder one may observe there is the result of systematic faith in human nature."

The visitor at South Mountain is likewise surprised to find that the daily life of 800 insane men and women is passed during eight months of the year in the open air and among the trees and growing vegetation; that the faith reposed in the human nature of these persons is seldom disappointed.

CLOTHING.

The Treasurer's and Steward's Reports accompanying herewith show the purchase and manufacture of a large amount of clothing required by the patients. They are all provided with warm woolen suits for the winter, and seasonable ones for the other months. The women's dresses, the men's under-

wear, overalls, and corduroy trousers, are all made up in the Institution.

WORK.

The women are constantly employed in the household, sewing rooms, and hat and mat shops. A field near the main buildings was set apart as a flower and vegetable garden for the benefit of the women patients. Dr. Hulme, Woman Physician, calls for volunteers among the patients, and her report submitted herewith, presents a gratifying statement of the results of this experiment. We regard the effort as being so successful that larger grounds have been assigned for this purpose. The cultivation of fruits and flowers is evidently a pleasing occupation, and one in every way beneficial and quieting in its effect upon the minds of these women.

As already stated, during the open season, the men are employed in garden and farm work, grading and roadmaking; but it is difficult to find means of employment for the men during the winter months. The women who keep up their gardens in the summer cheerfully go to the sewing rooms or household work in the winter. But the men have no such resources. of the 600 men, there are 56 mechanics, 2 tailors, 5 shoemakers, 5 painters, 8 carpenters, 35 farmers, 22 miners, 236 laborers, and others of various occupations. We cannot introduce machinery or teach them to do its work; the one would be dangerous, the other an impossibility. We must, therefore, encourage them to make brushes, brooms, mats, and other simple things, which yield a small profit, but the making of which will occupy the hours when all must remain indoors, and will prevent their losing the vitality gained during the other eight months of the year.

A small printing press was recently obtained, and as there is one printer among the patients, it is expected that he can print the home blanks and the leaflets for the Sunday service.

In regard to this plan of giving employment to insane persons, we hear sometimes unfair criticism from a few persons who certainly are ignorant of the actual state of the facts. Such criticism does injustice to the noble purpose of the people of Pennsylvania, in establishing this Manual Labor Asylum for the Chronic Insane. That purpose is not "to make money out of the poor lunatics"; but to offer them an opportunity to spend

the working hours in the open air and to give them the opportunity to work there instead of dragging out the weary hours in the house corridors or sitting around the buildings. We find that all public officials and private citizens who have visited the Asylum and have examined into the methods of work here, are thoroughly satisfied that they are beneficial in the highest degree to the inmates. A small profit arises from their work. In fact, the large majority of the patients do not work, as that word means when used among sane persons. Of the 600 men, 70, or about eight and one-half per cent., really do a day's The others work for a little while and then rest, at their pleasure. One day a man will work, the next he declines to do anything. If they work, they do it because they are pleased to do so. No force is ever used, and no penalty or punishment is ever inflicted for "resting" or for a refusal to do any work. Any attendant or foreman is summarily discharged for an act of rudeness or impatience or improper language to the patients at work or in the wards; and simply because such conduct shows that he or she is not in touch with the Asylum methods.

It contains no cell or place of confinement; those methods do not permit force to be used in any event, except in the cases showing homicidal tendencies. Some such patients have, improperly, been sent here, and they have been returned to the Hospitals whence they came. Without an infirmary or a place for their confinement, we cannot keep them among a population mingling freely in the daytime and sleeping at night in common wards.

It is only fair to say that a large proportion of the women, or about thirty per cent. of the two hundred (200), do a fair day's work, and perhaps because it is all in the lines of their former experience. And yet, all these women do only the amount of work which a very few sane persons, if employed, would be able to do.

FLORICULTURE.

The green-houses have furnished, at a very small expense, an abundance of flowers and plants for the adornment of the lawns, corridors and dormitories. This work has been well done under the supervision of Mr. John W. Elliott, the Florist of the Asylum, assisted by the labor of the patients.

ADMISSION OF INMATES.

We have applications to admit patients which must be declined because we are only permitted to receive those assigned to the Asylum by the Board of Public Charities, acting through its Lunacy Committee. The Act of June, 1891, authorizes that Board to transfer to the Asylum from the State Hospitals and County and Township Almshouses, able-bodied, harmless, chronic insane persons who have been detained there at least one year. It likewise authorizes and directs the Board of Public Charities to return to such Hospitals and Almshouses all persons who are found to be unfit to remain at the Asylum because of the absence of the qualifications named. The authorities of the Asylum have no voice or power either in the selection and assignment, or in the return of its patients.

COMMISSION TO INQUIRE INTO THE CONDITION OF THE INSANE IN THE STATE INSTITUTIONS.

A Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, approved July 11, 1901, provides for the appointment of a Commission, consisting of three Senators and four Members of the House of Representatives. It is therein enacted, *inter alia*, as follows, viz:

"Whereas, The crowded condition of the hospitals for the insane gives warning of the early necessity of the accommodation of an increased number of patients, and the return of the insane from State institutions of doubtful expediency; and,

"Whereas, It is deemed in the interest of ordinary humanity and for the credit of the Commonwealth that the care and treatment of this unfortunate class of the community should be upon some established basis which shall afford them the most modern and approved methods of treatment and the greatest amount of comfort and freedom compatible with their condition; and

"Resolved (if the House concur), That a commission be appointed to inquire into the exact condition of the insane now in the State institutions and as to the policy and effect of the present practice of removing them to the different county institutions, as well as into the cost of their maintenance, and the policy and propriety of affording them light physical employ-

ment. To this end the commission shall be authorized to have free and untrammeled admission to all State and County Hospitals, and shall inquire into the most modern methods of treatment in vogue in reputable institutions of other States, and obtain the official views of experienced superintendents, physicians and officers as to any methods of government or economy. Especial attention shall also be directed to the physical conditions of the buildings with regard to protection from fire and means of escape of their inmates."

This legislation promises much good, as it will place upon record the liberal methods in the treatment of the insane, which have prevailed in Pennsylvania during the last twenty-five years. The large appropriations of the State have established five Hospitals for the Insane, and this State Asylum for the Chronic Insane.

All of these institutions have tracts of arable land, upon which some of the patients are employed in farming and garden work, and in grading and road-making. In all of them, indoor work is done by some of the patients.

In this Asylum, the outdoor work has been, since the opening in 1894, upon the farm, gardens and roads; in laying sewer and water pipes; making drains through farm fields; and in constructing dams and filter beds for our water supply.

The indoor work has likewise been in the kitchens, laundry, and dining-rooms, and in tailoring, cobbling, and in making mats, rugs, straw baskets and hats, brushes, brooms and mattresses.

We are informed that in establishing this Asylum, Pennsylvania stands alone of all the States in maintaining an Institution for the care of the Chronic Insane, separate and apart from the Acute Insane.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Institution officials provide and take part in weekly or more frequent entertainments during the fall, winter, and spring months. These are held in the large Assembly Room, and consist of balls, concerts, dramatic performances, and phonographic and stereopticon exhibitions. Benevolent ladies and gentlemen from Philadelphia, Reading, Lebanon, Womelsdorf and Wernersville, have, at various times during the year, furnished musical and other entertainments. All of

these amusements have been the cause of great pleasure to the household. The inmates are greatly delighted and much benefited by the dancing and musical exercises. They take part in the dances, but are so carefully grouped with the house officials, that no confusion or disorder has ever occurred at these "balls." The Trustees wish to express their appreciation of the willingness, and indeed enthusiasm, shown by the officials upon these occasions.

RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.

Non-sectarian "praise" meetings are held in Assembly Hall each Sunday. They are in charge of the Superintendent, who at times has the assistance of clergymen of Reading and Womelsdorf.

LIBRARY.

A small number of books have been purchased and a larger number have been contributed by friends, and a Library has been established for the use of the Institution officials and the more intelligent patients.

The Superintendent in his report notices the kind attention of publishers and others in sending newspapers, magazines, and books. We can assure these kind friends that the patients really enjoy their gifts, and especially illustrated newspapers and magazines. The books, of course, are also useful as reading matter for the nurses, attendants, and other employees.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

We take pleasure in acknowledging the great assistance in our work received from the Board of Public Charities and its Committee on Lunacy.

CONSULTING STAFF.

The Medical Board of Physicians and Surgeons have been constant during the year in giving this Institution, and without compensation, their invaluable aid; often visiting the Asylum and its inmates at considerable personal inconvenience. They can be assured that their services are heartily appreciated by us and all others interested in this charity.

INSTITUTION OFFICIALS.

The Board wish to express their appreciation of the

faithful discharge of duty by Dr. Samuel S. Hill, Superintendent; Dr. Laura Hulme, Woman Physician, and Thomas C. Bricker, Steward. Miss Anna Baskins, Matron, who had performed the duties of her position satisfactorily, resigned to accept another position. Miss Hattie M. Keim, who for several years has been an assistant in the Matron's department, has been appointed Matron.

The Asylum has now secured in the different subordinate offices and positions those whose experience here has made them more efficient and permanent in their stations. We commend those who have so faithfully performed their duties.

LOCATION.

The Asylum is located at South Mountain Station, on the Lebanon Valley Railroad, ten miles west of Reading. It is easily accessible by numerous daily trains to and from all parts of the State. The Post Office address is Wernersville, Berks County, Pa.

Visitors are cordially invited on Friday of each week, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

The reports of the Treasurer, Superintendent, Woman Physician, and Steward, submitted herewith, present interesting details of the medical, financial and business operations of the Asylum.

HENRY M. DECHERT,

President.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER For the Year Ending September 30, 1901.

Maintenance Account.

Cash	on hand	l as per last report,	\$11,042	68
		RECEIPTS WERE:		
From	the Co	mmonwealth,	81,703	80
"	Sale of	Farm & Garden Products, . \$1,244 72		
"	"	Brushes, 2,780 21		
"	"	Barrels, Boxes and Bags 77 53		
"	"	Bones and Rags, 104 06		
"	"	Ice,		
"	"	Live Stock, 545 58		
"	"	Lime, 209 51		
			\$5,238	8τ
		~		

Amount brought forward, \$97,984	57
From sale Scrap Metal and Pipe, 40 02	
" Straw Hats and Baskets, . 8 90	
" Stone, 87 10	
" " Tallow, 78 04	
" " Wood, 7 25	
" Wool, Hides and Pelts, 565 13	
" Freight and Transportation re-	
funded, 63 42	
" Insurance Adjustment, 169 02	
" Others Sources, 2 90	
	78
From Counties and Districts:	
Allegheny,	
Armstrong,	
Beaver, 560 57	
Berks, 1,769 57	
Blair, 90 29	
Bucks, 587 58	
Butler, 311 99	
Cambria,	
Cameron, 65 28	
Carbon,	
Clarion,	
Center, 325 86	
Chester, 97 86	
Clearfield, 718 14	
Crawford, 156 00	
Clinton,	
Columbia,	
Cumberland, 327 00	
Dauphin,	
Delaware,	
Erie, 469 71	
Fayette, 494 28	
Franklin,	
Fulton, 39 00	
Greene, 128 72	
Huntingdon, 299 72	
\$10,949	53
Amount carried forward, \$109,955	88

Amount brought						\$109,955 88
Indiana,						298 42
Jefferson,						156 43
Lackawanna, .						914 14
Lancaster,						263 43
Lawrence,						364 99
Lebanon,						327 15
Lehigh,						469 29
Luzerne,						457 73
Lycoming,						521 43
McKean,						428 01
Monroe,						104 28
Montgomery, .						1,392 57
Northampton, .						772 00
Northumberland,						534 13
Philadelphia, .						18,788 44
Potter,						156 43
Somerset,						52 14
Schuylkill,						834 29
Sullivan,						156 42
Susquehanna, .						325 99
Snyder,						221 70
Tioga,						417 14
Union,						195 56
Venango,			•	,	•	240 42
Warren,			•		•	117 00
Wayne,					•	416 70
Washington, .					•	652 86
Westmoreland,					•	377 29
Wyoming,						365 00
York,						
101K,		•	•	•	٠_	\$30,634 24
						ψ ₃ υ,υ ₃ 4 24
						\$140,590 12
						φ140,590 12
EXPEN	DITU	RES	W	ERE	F	OR:

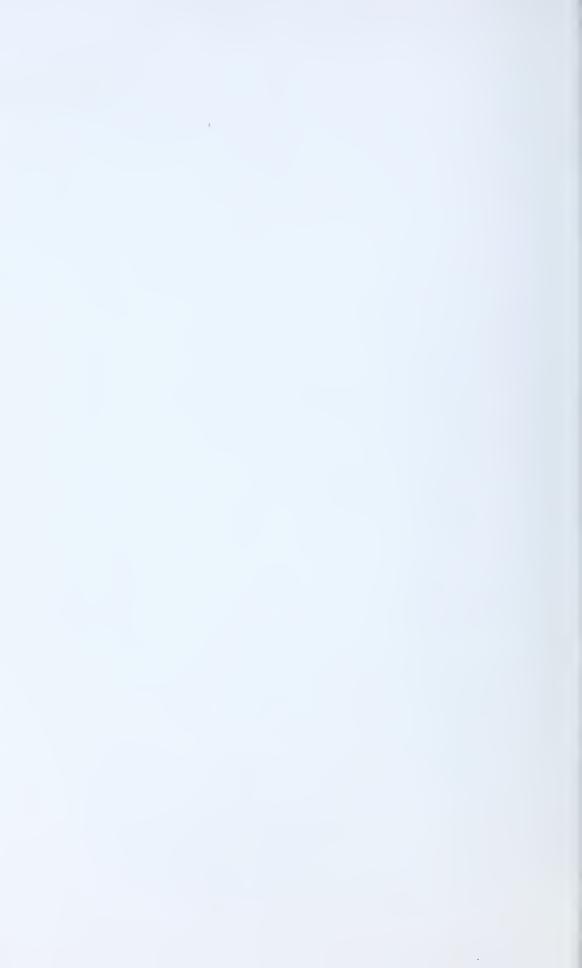
Warrants paid during the year,	\$121,662	09	
Cash in Bank, September 30, 1901, .	18,928	03	
		\$140,590	12

Special Appropriation.

Cash on hand as per last report, \$288 60 Received from the Commonwealth, 1,672 88 \$1,961	48
EXPENDITURES WERE FOR:	
Improving Grounds,	
Transportation of Patients, 246 56	
An unexpended balance of appropria-	
tion of May 9th, 1899, reverting to	
Commonwealth,	
Cash in Bank, September 30, 1901, 427 88	
	4 8
TOTAL CASH ON HAND AS PER ABOVE.	'
On Maintenance Account, \$18,928 03	
On Account of Transportation of Pa-	
tients,	
\$19,355	QI
Summary of Payments.	
Salaries and Wages,	26
Butter, 18,563 lbs., \$4,257 69	
Cheese, 6,846 lbs.,	
Eggs, 4,219 doz., 820 34	
Ice Cream, etc., 258 qts.,	
Milk, 1,640 qts., 62 80	
\$5.932	82
Apricots, 24 cans,	02
Beans, 144 cans,	
Corn, 228 cans,	
Cherries, 132 cans,	
Cidermaking, etc., 2,028 gals.,	
Olives and Olive Oil,	
Peas, 240 cans,	
D 0	
Pears, 48 cans,	
Plums, 36 cans, 6 80	
Strawberries, etc., 48 cans,	
Vinegar, 553 gals.,	
———— \$220	τ2
Ψ220	10
Amount carried forward, \$43,297	26

Amount brought	for	rw.	ard	Ι,				\$43,297	26
Coffee, 15,444 lbs., .								_	
Chocolate, 54 lbs.,									
Tea, 3,008 lbs.,									
								\$2,173	25
Citron, 69 lbs.,						8	39		•
Currants, 1,630 lbs						182			
Figs, Nuts, etc.,						6	24		
Peaches, 6,342 lbs., .						393	22		
Prunes, 10,025 lbs., .						527			
Raisins, 1,755 lbs.,						129			
,					_			\$1,247	54
Baking Powder,						\$24	00		
Crackers, 5,332 lbs., .						200			
Flour, 1,388 bbls.,						4,832	90		
Macaroni and Vermicelli						. –	77		
Yeast, 936 lbs.,						280	80		
,								\$5,394	49
Fish, fresh, 12,497 lbs.,						\$754	39		
Fish, salt, 7,920 lbs., .						434			
Oysters, 1,500,							65		
, , , ,								\$1,205	27
Apples, 4 bbls.,						\$15	65		
Cranberries, 32 qts., .						4	IO		
Fruits, small,							34		
Fruit Cans, etc.,						43			
Lemons and Oranges,						68			
Onions, 29 bus.,						28	68		
Potatoes, 1,257 bus., .						715	33		
Peaches,						6			
Vegetables,						13	05		
								\$932	39
Bran, etc., for Stock, 124	.14	3 1	bs		. \$	1,084	30		
Linseed Meal, 10,000 lbs.		_			. '	160	_		
Oats, 591 bus.,						212			
5, 3 /,								\$1,456	63
Barley, Pearl, 800 lbs.,						\$18	40		J
Beans, White, 9,417 lbs.,						310	•		
Beans, Lima, 6,436 lbs.,						383	-		
Cornstarch, 1,424 lbs.,						27			
останова от , т , т - ,								\$739	5 ‡
								.,,,,	
Amount carried f	orv	vai	d.					\$56,446	37
			,						-

VIEW OF TEMPORARY INFIRMARY AND GREEN HOUSE



Amount brought forward,	,			\$56,446	37
Cornmeal, 10,600 lbs.,		. 163	25		
Corn, dried, 2,216 lbs.,		. 109	IO		
Oatmeal, 9,846 lbs.,		 . 202	95		
Peas, dried, 2,967 lbs.,		. 62	73		
Rice, 5,122 lbs.,		. 208	45		
Tapioca, 500 lbs.,		. 19	45		
				765	93
Bacon, 107 lbs.,		. \$10	90		
Beef, Corned, 52,809 lbs.,			58		
Beef, Dried, 589 lbs.,		 . 70	87	• •	
Beef, Fresh, 93,616 lbs.,					
Mutton, 19,152 lbs.,			35		
Pork Hams, 4,252 lbs.,					
Poultry, 2,529 lbs.,					
				\$12,229	46
Pipes, Clay, 21 gross,					
Tobacco, Chewing, 5,553 lbs., .			51		
Tobacco, Smoking, 1,600 lbs., .					
Salt, 18,950 lbs.,					
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				\$1,866	82
Sugar, 58,237 lbs.,		. \$3,166	97		
Sugar, 58,237 lbs.,		. \$3,166 . 336			
Sugar, 58,237 lbs.,		-		\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		. 336	39	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		. 336	39	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		. 336 . \$10 . 16	39 52 20	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		 . 336 . \$10 . 16	39 52	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		 336 	39 52 20 72 20	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		 . 336 . \$10 . 16 . 49 . 11	39 52 20 72 20 75	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		 . 336 . \$10 . 16 . 49 . 11 . 3	39 52 20 72 20 75 10	\$3,503	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31	\$3,503 ,	36
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 	39 52 20 72 20 75 10		
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 16 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79		
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$16 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79		
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . \$38	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79 18		
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . \$38	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79	, \$150	59
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$16 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . 38 . 46	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79 18 19 50		59
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . 38 . 46	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79 18 19 50 20	, \$150	59
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . 38 . 46	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79 18 19 50	, \$150 \$212	59
Molasses, 1,630 gals.,		336 \$10 . \$10 . 49 . 11 . 3 . 5 . 1 . 52 . \$128 . 38 . 46 . \$25 . 37	39 52 20 72 20 75 10 31 79 18 19 50 60	\$150 \$212	59 87

Amount brought forward,			\$75,238	.20
Blueing, 12 doz.,	. 4	44		
Beeswax and Paraffine, 810 lbs.,	. 143	12		
Cream Tartar, 25 lbs.,	. 6	63		
Pearline, 2,100 lbs.,	. 54	17		
Starch, 1,750 lbs.,	. 58	61		
Saltpetre, 2 lbs.,		20		
Soda, bi-Carb., 360 lbs.,		98		
Soda, Caustic, 4,057 lbs.,		-		
Soap, Laundry, 3,000 lbs.,				
Soap, Scouring, 2,776 lbs.,				
Soap, Toilet,		_		
Whiting and Silicon, 13 lbs.,		55		
, , ,			\$770	15
Binder Twine, 605 lbs.,	. \$46	98	.,,	•/
Fruit Trees, 375,		-		
Flower Pots, 980,				
Farm Tools and Repairs,				
Garden Tools and Repairs,				
Manure, 14,580 lbs.,				
Phosphate and Bone Dust, 31,100 lbs.,				
Paris Green and Slug Shot, 335 lbs., .				
Seed, Clover, 10 bus.,				
Seed, Grass, 16 bus.,				
Seed, Garden and Farm,				
Seed, Potato, 354 bus.,				
Truck Baskets, 100,				
Threshing Grain,				
Threshing Grant,	· 4 9	J 4	\$1,320	37
Blankets, Bedding, etc.,	. \$997	18	φ1,320	37
Brooms, Brushes, etc.,				
Carpets, etc.	. 398			
Furniture, etc.,	. 1,088			
Glassware and Tableware,	. 98	•		
Hardware, Tinware, Cutlery,				
•				
Queensware, etc.,	. 421			
Table Linen, etc.,	- 1			
Towels, Crash, etc.,	. 309		\$5,007	T 7
			Ψ5,007	
Amount carried forward,			\$82,335	89

Amount brought forward,	\$82,335	89
Advertising,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Amusement and Instruction for Patients, 492 62		
Funeral Expenses, 8 50		
Insurance,		
Live Stock:		
2 Boars, \$36 oo		
16 Cows and Calves, 816 51		
Horses, Mules, etc., 376 00		
Veterinary Service, etc., 24 40		
		
Legal Expenses,		
Petty Expenses, 86 64		
Printing and Stationery, 400 18		
Postage and Telegraph, 402 80		
Sundry Supplies, 3.739 55		
Tools and Machinery, 41 08		
Vehicles, Harness and Repairs, 172 30		
Material for Brush Shop, 1,602 81		
	\$9,500	92
Boots and Shoes, 1,160 prs., \$1,494 22		
Clothing, etc., Ready-made, 3,650 91		
Clothing, etc., Material, 1,991 58		
Combs, 432,		
Gloves, 800 prs.,		
Hats and Caps, 318,		
Handkerchiefs, 1,800, 64 25		
Neckties, 600, 100 00		
Stays, 72,		
Shirts, White, 149, 61 46		
Shirt Collars and Buttons,		
Shoe Laces and Pins,		
Shoe Findings,		
Stockings and Half-Hose, 4.304 prs., . 273 00		
Suspenders, 300 prs.,		
	\$8,593	02
Coal, Anthracite, 7,155 tons, \$16,162 88		
Coal, Bituminous, 205 tons, 509 11		
Coal Oil, 259 gals., 23 56		
Matches, 30 gross,		
Material for Lighting and Repairs, 146 41		
-	\$16,886	36
Amount carried forward,	\$177,316	10

Amount brought forward,	
Medicine and Medical Supplies, \$79	
Ordinary Repairs,	32 11
Traveling Expenses, \$179 00	
Freight and Transportation, . 283 93	
	52 93
Trustees' Expenses,	
	\$4,345 90
	\$121,662 09
Recapitulation.	
Salaries and Wages,	14 26
Provisions and Supplies, 40,18	84 46
Furniture, Bedding, etc., 5,00	
Miscellaneous Expenses, 9,50	00 92
Clothing, etc.,	
Fuel and Light,	
Medicine and Medical Supplies, 79	95 74
Ordinary Repairs,	32 11
Traveling Expenses and Freight, 46	
Trustees' Expenses,	
	 \$121,662 09
Respectfully submitted	, ,

Respectfully submitted,

JACOB M. SHENK, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—The following report of the Institution for the year ending September 30th, 1901, is respectfully submitted:

We are happy to state that another year has gone by without calamity from fire or storms, and that the general health of the Institution has been remarkably good.

On September 30th, 1900, the number of patients in the Institution was seven hundred and ninety-six (796), being five hundred and ninety-six (596) men, and two hundred (200) women. The present number of patients is eight hundred (800), being six hundred (600) men, and two hundred (200) women. The admissions for the year from State Hospitals and County Almshouses were eighty (80) in number,

being sixty-seven (67) men, and thirteen (13) women. Forty-two (42) men and nine (9) women have been transferred to the various State and County Institutions, twenty-one (21) of this number being returned because they were not proper cases for Asylum care. The remaining thirty (30) were sent to various County Institutions.

We have had no epidemics, and our immunity from such occurrences during the past several years would indicate an improved hygienic condition. Our death rate has been low, in view of the fact that in such population as ours many are from the lower levels of social life, and come to us with incurable disease of body as well as with diseased mind. Eighteen men and four women died during the year,—four because of tuberculosis in various forms.

In the past year, as heretofore, there has been no inconsiderable expenditure of labor, and some expenditure of money, on the improvement of the grounds. The beautifying of lawns and the cultivation of shrubbery and flowers may by many be recognized as allowable to a moderate extent, but be regarded as wanting in practical utility; we, however, feel justified in considering this work, and its result, as an important factor in promoting the humane purposes of the Institution.

A rustic pavilion has been erected in the park for the use of the women patients, where they spend part of the afternoons during the summer months.

A new concrete floor of about eight thousand square feet has been laid in the Refectory. Fifty-four thousand cubic feet of macadamized roads and five thousand eight hundred cubic feet of walks have been made during the year.

Owing to unfavorable conditions, the farm and garden crops were not all large, but the careful attention given to the cultivation of the ground resulted in fairly satisfactory returns. The large number of patients employed are becoming more expert, and many display great interest in their work. The beneficial results to the patients from the continuance of this kind of outdoor work is plainly apparent to all.

A limekiln of two thousand bushels' capacity has been built during the year for farm use. A considerable revenue has been derived from selling lime to neighboring farmers.

An orchard containing five hundred trees has been planted,

and twelve thousand additional strawberry plants have been set out.

We reiterate the need of a commodious day-room for the women patients. Much useful work is done by our women, and it would seem only proper that we should supply them with comfortable and pleasant quarters for rest and indoor recreation.

Attention is again directed to the great importance of acquiring a tract of wooded land on the borders of our own property, in order to protect our water supply. We have at present a bountiful supply of pure water, the continuation of which could be secured by the acquisition of this land.

On July 11th the State Board of Health held their Annual Meeting at this Institution. They made a thorough inspection, paying particular attention to the sanitary conditions, and they officially gave expression to their approval of the general plan under which the Institution is conducted, and of the thorough cleanliness found in all its departments.

The Local Board of Charities has made several visits of inspection during the year, examining closely into the condition of the Institution, and their approval has always been given. County Commissioners and Directors of the Poor from the various districts have continued their visits as heretofore. We have in the past year made more effort to induce persons who have relatives under our care, to make frequent and regular visits.

The evening entertainments during the winter have been as frequent and as varied as possible. The weekly dance is still a source of much enjoyment. Band concerts, minstrel shows, and exhibitions of stereopticon views, have been given and greatly enjoyed. Two pianos have very recently been placed in the wards, which will prove to be a source of much pleasure.

The various holidays have been appropriately observed. The celebration of the Fourth of July was particularly enjoyed. Henry M. Dechert, the President of the Board of Trustees, was present as usual, and conducted the exercises. Rev. James Robinson, of Reading, delivered an oration.

The patients have been allowed every liberty and privilege

which it was believed would not be detrimental to their welfare or to the successful conduct of the Institution.

To the many friends of the Institution we are indebted for interest manifested in our welfare, and for kindness shown on many occasions.

Prof. S. Lubin, of Philadelphia, has given us a great deal of enjoyment by the exhibition of moving pictures. For contributions of magazines and pictorial papers we are under obligation to Miss Bertha M. Dechert, Philadelphia; Henry M. Dechert, Philadelphia; J. B. Kremer, Carlisle; Thos. C. Zimmerman, Reading; Mr. and Mrs. George S. Pomeroy, Wernersville; and the Grand View Sanitarium, Wernersville.

The following magazines and newspapers have been contributed regularly by the publishers: McClure's Magazine, Outing, The Overland Monthly, The National Magazine, Success, The Woman's Home Companian, Everybody's Magazine, Forest and Stream, Every Month, The International Magazine, Good Cheer, The Philadelphia Bulletin, The Philadelphia Telegraph, The Philadelphia Democrat, Die Neue Welt, and Die Vereinigte Staaten Zeitung.

I thank the Board of Trustees for their continued kindness and counsel. Respectfully,

Samuel S. Hill, M.D., Superintendent.

TABLE No. 1.

ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES.
September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Admissions	Men	Women	Total
Number in House September 30, 1900	596	200	796
Admitted Sept. 30, 1900, to Sept. 30, 1901	67	13	80
Total	663	213	876
Discharged			
Improved	2		2
Unimproved	43	9	52
Died	18	4	22
Total	63	13	76
Remaining September 30, 1901	600	200	800
Average number during the year	581	198	779
Highest number during the year	601	200	801
Lowest number during the year	572	193	765

TABLE No. 2.

ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE OPENING OF THE ASYLUM, JULY 21, 1894.

	Men	Women	Total
Admitted	1148	368	1416
Discharged:			
Recovered	2	I	3
Improved	9	5	14
Unimproved	341	123	464
Died	132	28	160
Total	484	157	641

TABLE No. 3.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS RECEIVED FROM AND RETURNED TO THE STATE HOSPITALS AND ALMSHOUSES

September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

State Hospitals and	Received			Returned			
Alms Houses	Men	n Women Total		Men	Women	Total	
Phila. Hospital	67	13	80	18	3	21	
Allegheny Co. Hospital				21	5	26	
Blair Co. Lunatic Hos-							
pital				1	. I	2	
Chester Co. Hospital				1		I	
Jefferson Co. Asylum				I		I	
Total	67	13	80	42	9	51	

TABLE No. 4.

CIVIL CONDITION OF THOSE ADMITTED September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Civil Condition	Men	Women	Tota1
Single	48	1 7	55
Married	12	3	15
Widowed		3	8
Unknown	2		2
Total	67	13	8c

TABLE No. 5. MONTHLY ADMISSIONS.

September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Month	Men	Women	Total
October, 1900			
November, 1900	ĺ		
December, 1900	28	7	35
January, 1901	3		3
February, 1901			
March, 1901	ĺ		
April, 1901			
May, 1901	10	I	11
June, 1901			
July, 1901	14	3	17
August, 1901	i i	ĺ	ĺ
September, 1901	12	2	14
Total	67	13	8c

TABLE No. 6.

MONTHLY DISCHARGES.

September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Month	Disc	harged		Died	
Month	Men	Women	Men	Women	Fotal
October, 1900	21	5	I	2	29
November, 1900	2		2		4
December, 1900		ĺ	I		I
January, 1901	3		2		5
February, 1901	ĺ		2		2
March, 1901	I		2		3
April, 1901			Ιİ	Ιİ	2
May, 1901					
June, 1901			İ	i	
July, 1901	16	4	2	I	23
August, 1901		T	5	- 1	-3
September, 1901	2				2
Total	45	9	18	4	76

TABLE No. 7.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE—CONDITION OF THOSE DISCHARGED.
September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

	Res	s'rd	Im	b,q	U11	im.	Di	ed.	
Period of Residence	Men	Wom.	Men	Wom.	Men	Wom.	Men	Wom.	Total
Less than I month					1				
Between I and 2 months		İ			İ				
" 2 and 3 months			İ		I	Ì			ĺΙ
" 3 and 4 months			İ						
" 4 and 5 months		İ							ĺ
" 5 and 6 months					3		I		4
" 6 and 9 months			I		2				3
" 9 and 12 months					2	2			4
" 12 and 15 months			I		ĺ		2		3
" 15 and 18 months					Ì		I	Ι	2
" 18 and 24 months					ĺ	2			2
" 2 and 3 years					4		I		5
" 3 and 4 years					2	I	I		4
" 4 and 5 years					ΙΙΙ	I	I		13
" 5 and 10 years					17	3	ΙΙ	3	34
" 10 and 20 years					ΙÍ		i		<i>J</i> 1
20 years and over									
Total			2		42	9	18	4	76

TABLE No. 8.

FORM OF INSANITY OF THOSE ADMITTED.

September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Form	Men	Women	Iotal
Mania chronic	14	5	19
Melancholia chronic		I	1
Dementia chronic	33	3	36
Dementia primary	3	I	4
Imbecility	4		4
Paranoia	9	3	12
Delusional chronic	4		4
Total	67	13	80

TABLE No. 9.

CAUSES OF INSANITY OF THOSE ADMITTED.

September 30, 1900, to September 30, 1901.

Cause	Men	Women	Total
Heredity	I		I
Unknown	66	13	79
Total	67	13	80

TABLE No. 10.
CIVIL CONDITION, COLOR AND NATIVITY OF THOSE REMAINING.
September 30, 1901.

Civil Condition	Men	Women	Total
Single	393	86	479
Married	123	73	196
Widowed	13	27	40
Divorced	I	I	2
Unknown	70	13	83
Total	600	200	800
Color			
White	576]	188	764
Colored	24	12	36
Total	600	200	800
Nativity			
Natives of the United States	348	109	457
Foreign	207	76	283
Unknown	45	15	60
Total	600	200	800

TABLE NO. 11.-MORTUARY RECORD.

Cause of Death	Cancer of the Liver. Phthisis Pulmonalis. Pheumonia. Tuberculosis. Nephritis. Aneurism (Subelavian). Tubereulosis. Pulmonary Hemorrhage. Nephritis. Ex. of Chr. Mania. Nephritis. Ex. of Chr. Mania. Intestinal Obstruction. Status Epileptieus. Heart Disease. Typhoid Fever. Typhoid Fever. Fxhaustion. Tubereulosis.
Period of Residence	5 yrs., 3 mo., 28 da 1 yr., 2 mo., 13 da 3 yrs., 1 mo., 29 da 5 yrs., 10 mo., 6 da 5 mo., 8 da 7 yrs., 2 mo., 3 da 7 yrs., 7 mo., 8 da 5 yrs., 5 mo., 3 da 6 yrs., 6 mo., 4 da 6 yrs., 7 mo., 1 da 6 yrs., 6 mo., 4 da 7 yrs., 1 mo., 19 da 6 yrs., 11 mo., 19 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 22 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 22 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 22 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 29 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 29 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 23 da 7 yrs., 10 mo., 23 da
Whole Duration	rr. Mania 8 yrs., 3 mo, 28 da sanity Chr. Del
Form	Chr. Mania Insanity Chr. Del. Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Dementia Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Dementia Chr. Dementia Chr. Dementia Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania Chr. Mania
Nativity	1 Philadelphia Chr. Mania Ireland Chr. Mania Schuylkill Co. Chr. Mania Austria Chr. Mania Pennsylvania Imbeeility Pennsylvania Chr. Mania Scotland Chr. Mania Rennsylvania Chr. Mania Pennsylvania Chr. Mania Pennsylvania Chr. Mania Pennsylvania Chr. Mania Pennsylvania Chr. Mania Germany Dementia Austria Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Germany Chr. Mania Ireland Chr. Mania
No. Age Men Men Mom.	2 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

REPORT OF THE WOMAN PHYSICIAN.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I herewith respectfully submit the Seventh Annual Report of the Women's Department of the Asylum.

On the 30th of September we have remaining in the wards two hundred (200) patients. Thirteen (13) of these were admitted at different times from the Philadelphia Hospital, to fill vacancies occurring during the year as follows:

Transferred to Allegheny County Hospital, 5.

Transferred to Blair County Hospital, 1.

Returned to Philadelphia Hospital, 3.

Died, 4.

The causes of death being:

Cancer of the Liver.

Phthisis.

Chronic Nephritis.

Organic Intestinal Obstruction.

The general health of the women has remained excellent during the year. We have suffered from no epidemics, and have had no cases of serious illness except those which from their nature were necessarily fatal and admitted only of palliative treatment, as our death list shows.

At present there is but one patient confined to bed,—a case of internal cancer.

Of the two hundred women, between fifty and sixty are entirely incapable of occupying themselves usefully on account of dementia, physical disability or stubborn inclination, these latter proving entirely insusceptible to moral persuasion and being an element of disorder and discontent among their more amenable companions. About fifty others work almost daily, but require constant and vigilant supervision, without which their efforts would be of no value.

Among the remainder of the patients whose cases warranted it, we have tried to cultivate such a feeling of independence as would be in keeping with the rules necessary to the carrying on of a large institution, allowing them extra time for their own pursuits, such as fancy work, music practice, private walks, etc., with as little supervision as practicable and essaying to make them feel that the utmost has been

done with our opportunities for making them comfortable and happy.

A show-case has been established in the reception room, exhibiting for sale small articles of fancy work made by the patients in their spare time, or in one of the shops. In the first case, the money received was given to them individually to spend as they chose during their visits to the town. In the latter, a common fund was established for the purchase of candy, etc., of which all could partake. During the year we received in this manner for the common fund \$46.85, and spent for candy \$19.92, leaving \$26.93 for use during the winter, when our receipts are diminished with the number of visitors to the Institution.

Much enjoyment has been derived by all in the wards from the new piano which was placed there during the summer.

Our garden, owing to the prolonged droughts, was not as productive in some respects as last year, but served its primary object of providing outdoor, healthful work and interest to some of those patients whose physical health made such work advisable. The Steward's Report shows the amounts which we delivered. Respectfully,

Laura Hulme, Woman Physician.

REPORT OF THE STEWARD.

To the Trustees of the Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—The following statement shows the operations of the various departments for the eighth year, ending September 30th, 1901:

STEWARD'S STATEMENT

Of Production and Expenses of Farm, Garden, Women's Garden, Piggery and Poultry Yard, Shoemaker Shop, Soap Factory, Tailor Shop, Brush Shop, Hat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2, Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending Room.

Farm.

EXPENSES.

Inventory, Live Stock and Farming Implemen	ts	on		
hand September 30th, 1900,			\$9,800	00
Live Stock purchased,			3,771	12

Amount brought forward	T 0
Amount brought forward, \$13,571	
Veterinary Services,	
Phosphate,	
Seeds of all kinds,	-
Tools and New Implements,	_
Sundry Repairs and Expenses,	_
Blacksmith Work,	
5,593 bus. Lime @ $3\frac{1}{2}$ c.,	_
Twines,	
Paris Green,	-
Making Cider, 1,244 gals. at 1c.,	
Dynamite and Caps,	
Threshing Grain,	
50 ft. $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Rubber Hose, 4	-
Salt,	
Freight,	
Pump Spray and Barrel,	95
Bordeaux Mixture,	
Wages and Board,	23
Mod William Co.	
Φ 90	O -
\$20,388 8	50
PRODUCTION.	
120 tons Hay @ \$12, \$1,440 00	
1,571 bus. Wheat, @ 70c., 1,099 70	
50 bus. Wheat Screenings, @ 60c., 30 00	
440 bus. Rye, @ 55c.,	
1,146 bus. Oats, @ 40c.,	
3,500 bus. Shelled Corn, @ 40c., 1,400 00	
8,100 ears Sweet Corn, @ 65c., 52 65	
60 loads Corn Fodder, @ \$4,	
3,400 bus. Potatoes, @ 80c., 2,720 00	
120 bus. small Potatoes, @ 40c.,	
1,112 qts. Cherries, @ 3c.,	
1,112 qts. Cherries, @ 3c., </td <td>5.</td>	5.
1,112 qts. Cherries, @ 3c.,	51
1,112 qts. Cherries, @ 3c., </td <td>_</td>	_

CATTLE FATTENED ON THE FARM



Amount brought	foi	wa	ard,	,					\$7,801	61
2 bus. Quinces, @ 75c.,										
10 bus. Pears, @ 75c., .								50		
1,244 gals. Cider, @ 5c.,								_		
89,844 qts. Milk, @ 4c.,								76)	
67,247 lbs. Beef,										
1,211 lbs. Liver, @ 8c.,								88		
103 Hearts, @ 25c., .							25	75	, 1	
424 lbs. Veal, @ 12c., .							_	88		
420 lbs. Lamb, @ 20c							84	OC)	
Spring Lamb sold,							7 I			
870 lbs. Mutton,							64	-		
Tripe,							·	25		
Hides,							531	_		
Wood,								OC		
Wool,							43	36		
Seed Corn sold,							3	15		
5 bus. Popcorn, @ 75c.,							3	75		
2,993 bus. Lime sold, @ 7	ъ.,						209			
20 tons Manure to Wo										
@\$1.50,							30	00		
660 lbs. Tallow, @ 4c.,							26	40		
Live Stock sold,							325			
Improvements to Grov								•		
Horses,							610	00		
						_			\$11,199	96
Inventory, Live Stock ar	id :	Fa	rmi	ng	Ir	npl	ements	011		
hand September 30th,										00
				,						
									\$27,001	57
	Ma	le	Ga	rde	n.					
	E	ХP	EN	SES	·					
Inventory Live Stock a	nd	Т	ool	s, ;	Sep)-				
tember 30th, 1900, .							\$300	00		
Garden Seeds and Plants	,						154	91		
Phosphate and Manure,							141	04		
Feed,							131	85		
Implements and Repairs.							16			
Veterinary Services, .							5	00		
									\$749	76
Amount carried for	orw	var	d,		•	•			\$749	76

Amount brought forward,	\$749 76
Slug Shot,	
Truck Baskets, 6 oo	
Freight,	
Sundry Expenses, 2 10	
Salt, 6 20	
Wages and Board, 571 49	
	\$594 57
	\$1,344 33
PRODUCTION.	
8,760 heads Cabbage, @ 3c., \$262 80	
233 bus. Beets, @ 60c.,	
1,152 doz. Beets, @ 8c., 92 16	
2,120 bunches Asparagus, @ 15c., 318 00	
40 bus. Greens, @ 25c., 10 00	
2,223 heads Lettuce, @ 2c.,	
52 bus. Lettuce, @ 50c.,	
67 bus. Peas, @ 70c.,	
$8\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Potatoes, white, @ 8oc., 6 8o	
$269\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Potatoes, sweet, @ 90c., 242 55	
10 bus. Parsley, @ \$1; 10 00	
1,690 bunches Rhubarb, @ 3c., 50 70	
3,700 doz. Radishes, @ 3c.,	
239 bus. Radishes, @ 25c., 59 75	
$78\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Lima Beans, @ 60c., 47 10	
302 bus. String Beans, @ 60c., 181 20	
9^1_2 bus. Medium Soup Beans, @\$2, 19 00	
9,888 Scallions, @ 20c. per C, 19 78	
318 bus. Onions, @ 70c.,	
50 bus. Onion Sets, @ \$2.50, 125 00	
$42\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Carrots, @ 60c.,	
13,310 stalks Celery, @ 2c.,	
102 heads Cauliflower, @ 10c., 10 20	
3 Egg Plants, @ 5c.,	
105 bus. Salsify, @\$1, 105 00	
696 Peppers, @ 1c., 6 96	
560 Cantaloupes, @ 4c.,	
5 Watermelons, @ 8c., 40	
220 Squashes, @ 5c.,	
3 Pumpkins, @ 5c.,	
	\$2,483 56
Amount carried forward,	\$2,483 56

Amount brought forward,	\$2,483	56
4 bus. Summer Savory, @ 50c., 2 00		
234 bunches Horse Radish, @ 10c., 23 40		
22 bus. Spinach, @ 50c.,		
1,244 heads Endive, @ 2c., 24 88		
277 bus. Turnips, @ 40c.,		
19 bus. Sweet Marjoram, @ 50c., 9 50		
318 bus. Tomatoes, @ 25c.,		
$4\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Okra, @ \$2, 9 00		
8,325 Cucumbers, @ 50c. per C, 41 63		
25,056 ears Sweet Corn, @ 65c. per C, . 162 86		
1,200 gals. Sauerkraut, @ 15c., 180 00		
2 loads Corn Fodder, @ \$2, 4 00		
\(\frac{1}{4}\) bus. Quinces, \(\omega\) \$1, \(\cdot\) \(\cdot\) 25		
504 qts. Currants, @ 6c., 30 24		
1,140 qts. Strawberries, @ 6c.,		
33 qts. Blackberries, @ 6c.,		
199 qts. Raspberries, @ 6c.,		
3 qts. Cherries, @ 3c.,		
½ bus. Plums, @ \$1,		
2,518 lbs. Grapes, @ 1c.,		
98 baskets Peaches, @ 80c.,		
Seeds and Plants delivered to Women's		
Garden,		
Work done by Team in Women's Gar-		
den, 5 50		
Inventory Live Stock and Tools, Sep-		
tember 30th, 1901, 310 00		
,	\$1,209	55
-		
	\$3,693	Ιï
Female Garden.		
EXPENSES.		
Plants and Seeds,		
Fertilizers,		
Truck Baskets,		
Male Garden Team, 5 50		
Farm Team,		
Wages and Board,		
	\$239	16
	4-39	40

PRODUCTION. 1,275 Cucumbers, @ 50c. per C, . . . \$6 38 354 heads Cabbage, @ 3c., 10 62 7,880 ears Sweet Corn, @ 65c. per C, . . 5I 22 10 bus. Beets, @ 60c., 6 00 $6\frac{1}{2}$ bus. String Beans, @ 60c., . . . 3 90 8 bus. Lima Beans, @ 6oc., 4 80 49 bus. Tomatoes, @ 25c., 12 25 9 bus. Green Tomatoes, @ 10c., . . 90 $1\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Parsley, @ \$1, . . . I 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Turnips, @ 40c., I 40 $6\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Lettuce, @ 50c., 3 25 540 heads Lettuce, @ 2c., 10 80 . 1,298 doz. Radishes, @ 3c., 38 79 50 cantaloupes, @ 4c., 2 00 400 stalks Celery, @ 2c., . . . 8 00 4,560 Scallions, @ 20c. per C, . 9 12 1,019 qts. Strawberries, @ 5c., . 50 95 6 bus. Popcorn, @ 75c., 4 50 10 I 50 \$227 98 Piggery and Poultry Yard. EXPENSES. Inventory Live Stock on hand, September 30th, 1900, \$1,365 00 Live Stock purchased, 20 00 Feed. 263 05 Veterinary Services, 10 00 Kerosene Oil, I 90 . . Live Stock died. . 88 oo Poultry Powder, I 35 Sundry Expenses, . . . I 20 456 00 Wages and Board, . \$2,206 5C PRODUCTION. . \$1,279 07 16,169 lbs. Pork, 330 58 646 lbs. dressed Chicken, @ 12c., . . . 14 88 124 lbs. dressed Ducks, @ 12c., . . . \$1,702 05 Amount carried forward, \$1,702 05

Amount brought forward,			\$1,702	05
24 lbs. Squabs, @ 20c.,	4	80		
1,045 doz. Eggs,	188	83		
Pigs sold,	156	76		
46 tons Manure, @ \$1.50,	69	00		
Inventory Live Stock on hand, Septem-				
ber 30th, 1901,	1,275	OO		
-			\$1,694	39
Shoemaker Shop.			\$3,396	4-1
EXPENSES.				
1,006 lbs. Hemlock Sole Leather, "Shef-				
field,"	\$265	60		
41 lbs. Harness Leather,	14			
Findings,	22			
200 yds. 4-4 and 5-4 Window Shading, .	54	-		
Wages and Board,	403	-		
_		_	\$760	35
PRODUCTION.			.,	
Mending Boots and Shoes and Repair-				
ing Window Shades,	\$827	30		
79 new Window Shades, @ 75c.,	59	25		
2 new Hand Cuffs, @\$1,	2	00		
31 new Straps and Lines,	IO	15		
-			\$898	7c
Soap Factory.				
EXPENSES.	0-66	-6		
4,800 lbs. Caustic Soda,				
5,000 lbs. Fat, @ $1\frac{1}{2}$ c.,	75	00	¢а. т	16
PRODUCTION.			\$241	10
12,400 gals. Soft Soap, @ 4c.,	\$406	Ω		
1,668 lbs. Hard Soap, @ 3c.,				
			\$546	04
Tailor Shop.			737	7
EXPENSES.				
Binding, Buttons, Cotton, etc.,	\$45	30		
400 yds. Bed Ticking (Conestoga),	48 (00		
Duck, Muslin, etc.,	52 (03		
$513\frac{1}{2}$ yds. Corduroy,	243	2 I		
Shuttle Carrier,	I	00		
Wages and Board,	450	00	4.5	
_			\$839	54

PRODUCTION.			
85 Mattresses, @ 72c.,	\$61 2	20	
167 Corduroy Pants, @ \$1.60,	267 2	20	
30 Coffee Sacks, @ 50c.,	15 (
13 Canvas Shoes, @ 50c.,	6 5	50	
10 Gum Aprons, @ 25c.,	2 5	50	
6 Straight Jackets, @ 75c.,	4 5	50	
10 Arm Restraint Straps, @ 50c.,	5 (00	
I Foot Restraint Strap, @ 50c.,	5	50	
5 Canvas Suits, @ \$1.50,	7 5	50	
3 Large Straight Jackets, @\$3,	9 0	00	
150 Canvas Covers for Laundry, @ 20c.,	30 0	00	
Mending and Cleaning Clothe,	600 о	O	
		1,008	90
Brush Shop.			
EXPENSES.			
Inventory September 30, 1900,	\$555 2		
Brush Blocks and Veneers,	699 8	38	
White Tampico,	634 8	38	
Cocoa Fibre,	237	3	
24 Stones No. 27 Annealed Wire,	30 0	00	
B. C. Twine,	6 і	4	
2-oz. and 3-oz. Tacks,	13 ()2	
Roll Sand Paper 30 in.,	4 2	5	
2 Hackles,	I C	00	
Freight,	33 8	So	
Miscellaneous,	3 9	8	
Wages and Board,	440 C	Ю	
_		- \$2,659	23
PRODUCTION.			
1,308 doz. Government Brushes No.151, .	\$866 3	34	
194 doz. Government Brushes No. 151			
2d,	100 5	3	
243 doz. Toy Scrub Brushes,	66 o	_	
1903 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 35,	67 6	-	
250 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 3,	125 0		
6193 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 13,	309 <i>7</i>		
$455\frac{1}{2}$ doz. Scrub Brushes No. 30,	198 5		
535 doz. Scrub Brushes M22,	222 9		
1,103 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 5,	299 <i>7</i>		
		- - \$2,256	52
Amount carried forward,			

Amount brought forward,	\$2,256 52
113 doz. Scrub Brushes No. $5\frac{1}{2}$, 32 96	
127 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 18, 39 69	
255 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 33, 100 92	
126 doz. Scrub Brushes No. 2, 52 50	
Damaged Brushes, 2 50	
Inventory September 30, 1901, 578 68	
	\$807 25
	\$3,063 77
Hat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2.	10, 0,77
EXPENSES.	
Inventory September 30, 1900, \$26 75	
Canton Flannel, 99 62	
Barnsley Crash, 60 00	
Huckaback Crash,	
Portsmouth Shirting,	
Apron Gingham,	
Muslin,	
Table Linen,	
D. R. P. Flannel, 47 25	
Sheeting,	
India Linen, 10 74	
Cotton, Needles, Buttons, etc., 32 85	
Wages and Board,	
PRODUCTION.	
338 Canton Flannel Drawers, @ 25c., . \$84 50	•
433 Canton Flannel Shirts, @ 25c., 108 25	
430 Portsmouth Striped Shirts, @ 50c., . 215 00	•
184 Night Gowns, @ 40c.,	•
325 Huckaback Towels, @ 15c., 48 75	
1,069 Crash Tea Towels, @ 10c., 106 90	+
121 Crash Roller Towels, @ 20c., 24 20)
414 Gingham Aprons, @ 15c., 62 10)
63 White Aprons, @ 15c.,	
35 Barbers' Aprons, @ 15c.,	
62 Canton Flannel Napkins, @ 25c., 15 50)
78 Chemise, @ 30c.,	1
10 Duck Aprons, @ 15c.,)
60 Flannel Petticoats, @ 60c., 36 00)
	814 40
Amount carried forward,	814 40

Amount brought forward,		814 40
24 Linen Table Cloths, @ \$2,	. 48 00	
150 Linen Table Cloths, @ \$2.25,		
78 Linen Table Cloths, @ \$1.25,		
161 Pantalets, @ 25c.,	. 40 25	
198 Lawn Neckties, @ 10c.,	. 19 80	
30 Kitchen Caps, @ 10c.,		
854 Double Sheets, @ 60c.,		
133 pr. Corduroy Pants made, @ 40c		
I Shirt Waist,		
3 Laundry Bags, @ 20c.,		
14 Curtains, @ 25c.,		
16 Sunbonnets, @ 25c.,		
3 Shaker Bonnets, @ 20c.,		
222 Linen Napkins hemmed, @ 5c., .		
400 Straw Hats, @ 12c.,		
24 Straw Hats, Women's, @ 25c.,		
I Straw Hat, @ 50c.,		
5 Denim Cushions, @ 25c.,		
2 Crochet Table Covers, @\$1.50,		
2 Crochet Doilies, @ 40c.,	. So	
31 Hemstitched Bureau Scarfs, @ 50c.,		
16 Crochet Doilies, @ 50c.,		
Crochet Lace,		
Drawn Work,		
Paper Flowers,	. I 25	
Straw Baskets,	. 23 25	
		\$1,362 70
		\$2,177 10
Sewing Room No. 1 and Men	nding Room.	
EXPENSES.		
$47\frac{3}{4}$ yds. Muslin,	. \$2 15	
$155\frac{1}{4}$ yds. Cheviot Dress Goods,		
$272\frac{3}{4}$ yds. Dress Gingham, "Bates," .	. 23 21	
209^{1}_{4} yds. Sateen,		
159 yds. Chintz,		
60 yds. Silisia,		
58 yds. Cambric,		
Cotton, Buttons, Needles, etc.,		
Wages and Board,	. 361 00	Φ.
		\$495 72

PRODUCTION.						
Mending,	. \$480	00				
II Gingham Dresses, "Bates," @ \$1,	11	00				
18 Cheviot Dresses, @ \$1.20,	21	60				
Shirt Waist,		50				
ı Silk Waist,	. 1	50				
13 Sateen Dresses, @ \$1.50,	. 19	50				
16 Chintz Dresses, @ \$1.25,	. 20	00				
Sateen Skirt,	. I	25				
4 Private Dresses, @ 50c.,	. 2	00				
397 Dresses, mended, @ 10c.,	30	70				
8 Blanket Jackets, @ 25c.,	2	00				
6 Neckties, @ 10c.,	_	60				
6 Collars, @ 10c.,		60				
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		— \$6 0 0 25				
Recapitulation.		— \$6 0 0 25				
EXPENSES.						
Farm,	\$20.088	80				
Garden,	, φ20,300 1.244	33				
Women's Garden,						
Piggery and Poultry Yard,						
Shoemaker Shop,						
Tailor Shop,						
Soap Factory						
Brush Factory,						
Hat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2,		30				
Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending						
Room,						
PRODUCTION.						
Farm,						
Garden,	3,693	11				
Women's Garden,	227	98				
Piggery and Poultry Yard,	. 3,396	4-1				
Shoemaker Shop,	. 898	•				
Tailor Shop,	800,1	90				
Soap Factory,	546	04				
Brush Factory,	. 3,063	77				
Hat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2, :	. 2,177	IO				
Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending						
Room,	. 600	25				
		\$42,613 86				

Loss and Gain.

DR.	
To Women's Garden,	\$11 48
To Institution,	11,808 47
	\$11,819 95
CR.	
By Farm,	\$6,612 77
"Garden,	2,348 78
" Piggery and Poultry Yard,	1,189 94
"Shoemaker Shop,	138 35
"Tailor Shop,	169 36
"Soap Factory,	304 88
" Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending	
Room,	104 53
" Hat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2, .	546 80
"Brush Shop,	404 54
	\$11,819 95

Respectfully submitted,

T. C. Bricker, Steward.



